BP#\_\_\_\_\_



## **Application for Residential Site Plan (Form #1)**

20 North Main Alpine, UT 84004 ● 801-756-6347 extension 5 (Building Department) ● www.alpinecity.org

Building Address		Pa	arcel #	
Subdivision		Lot #	Plat	
Name of Applicant				
Mailing Address				
Cell Phone		Email		
Contractor		Licens	se #	
Contractor Address		City	State Zip	Code
Contractor Cell Phone		Email		
Intended Use (check one)	□ Single Family	☐ Single Family with	accessory apartment	□ Commercial
Applicant or Contractor S  Before the Building Permi shall be obtained.		n #2) will be accepted,	Date approval of the follow	
DEPARTMENT AF	PPROVALS			
City Planner			Date	e
City Fire Marshall			Date	e
Public Works Director			Date	9
City Engineer (SWPPP)			Date	

Revised	10	/12	/21
INC VISCU	TO.	,	

BP#
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## **Site Plan Instructions**

### **New Home Form #1**

20 North Main Alpine, UT 84004 ● 801-756-6347 (Phone) ● 801-756-1189 (Fax) ● <u>www.alpinecity.org</u>

Applicant must submit two (2) copies of a detailed site plan, drawn to scale (1" = 20' min.) shall be filed with the Building Department. If site plans are incomplete or inaccurate, the building permit application may be delayed until such information is forthcoming. The site plan shall clearly show the following:

plan, I have re	all items listed below on the site plan. If an item does not apply to this site ad and understand all of these requirements (must write "YES" before an ccepted by the Alpine City Building Department).	YES
1. General	Site Plan Requirements	
(verify su	ibmittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")	
□a.	North arrow	
□b.	Scale	
□ c.	Lot lines & their dimensions (conform to legal description)	
□ d.	Curb, gutter, and public sidewalks	
□ e.	Label property address	
☐ f.	Adjacent streets (label street names)	
□ g.	Existing easements, rights-of-way and flood plains	
☐ h.	Motor vehicle access and parking (cannot be located on water services)	
□ i.	Accessible route of travel	
□ j.	*Sewer lateral	
□ k.	*Water lateral	
□ I.	*Water meter	
□ m.	*Gas line and gas meter	
□ n.	*Electrical meter box	
□ o.	*Pressurized irrigation meter	
Driveway	v requirements (items $p - v$ ):	
p.	Slope of driveway may not exceed 12%	
q.	Three (3) foot minimum distance required from water meter to edge of driveway	
□ r.	Three (3) foot minimum distance required from pressurized irrigation meter to	
	edge of driveway	
□s.	Three (3) foot minimum distance required from property line to edge of driveway	
□ t.	Corner lots: Forty (40) foot minimum distance required from adjoining street top	
	back of curb to edge of driveway	
u.	Three (3) foot minimum distance required from water meter to edge of driveway	
□v.	Driveway must be constructed with an all-weather driving surface.	
	nnot be in a driveway, drive approach, sidewalk, or any other concrete. These	
	cated in a landscaping area. Water and pressurized irrigation meter cans must be	
a minimum of th	ree (3) feet from a driveway.	
2. Drainage	plan and calculations (see instructions on page 5)	
3. Location	of existing structures. Existing structures should be clearly labeled "EXISTING"	

4.	Location of proposed structures being applied for with this permit. Any structures that	
	are not part of this permit should be left off the site plan or clearly labeled as "FUTURE"	
5.	The following items require a separate building permit and shall be labeled as "FUTURE" on	
	the site plan.	
	<ul><li>☐ a. Fences (see page 4 for more information)</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>□ b. Retaining walls (see page 4 for more information)</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>□ c. Accessory Structures (pools, pool houses, detached buildings, sheds, etc)</li></ul>	
6.	Dimensions of all setbacks are required to be shown on the plan. Setbacks are outlined	
	on page 6. Building location must comply with all Alpine City zoning regulations and	
	cannot be located on any easement or right-of-way. It is the applicant's responsibility to	
	ensure that footings and foundation are built in accordance with setback requirements.	
7.	Existing elevations:	
	(verify submittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")	
	□a. All corners of lot	
	☐b. Elevation of curb at extension of lot line	
	☐c. Contours on a minimum of 2-foot intervals	
8.	Finish grade elevations:	
	(verify submittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")	
	□a. All corners of proposed structure	
	□b. Elevation of basement floor	
	☐c. Elevation of main floor	
	☐d. Elevation of garage floor	
9.	Height of home plan requirements:	
	<b>Total height of home</b> definition: Vertical distance from the "average elevation of the	
	finished grade" of the structure to the "roof line of the structure". See Alpine City	
	Development Code 3.21.08 for "roof lines" defined. The maximum height allowed is	
	thirty-four (34) feet. Willow Canyon and Three Falls have different criteria, talk to Staff.	
	Plans must include a Height Table as outlined below:	
	(verify submittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")	
	<ul><li></li></ul>	
	□ b. Average Finish Grade Elevation = Sum of Finish Grade Elevations for each	
	major corner of the home divided by the total number of corners.	
	Plans must include architectural elevations:	
	☐ c. Front elevation	
	☐d. Rear elevation ☐e. Side elevations	
	☐ f. The elevations must show the total height of the home as a line drawn from the	
	average finish grade elevation to the midpoint elevation of the roof or top of flat	
	roof	
10.	No construction, buildings or landscaping is allowed in a designated floodplain.	
	If any portion of a designated flood plain is located on the property, a flood plain permit is	
	required. The Flood Plain Permit is found here:	
	http://www.alpinecity.org/building-department	

Revised :	10/12/21 BP#	
11.	Total square footage of home must be shown; including garage, basement, and storage areas. Fire Sprinklers shall be required if over 10,000 square feet.	
12.	Plans comply with the 2015 IRC and 2014 NEC if it is a residential use. Plans comply with the 2015 IBC, IMC, IPC and 2014 NEC if it is a commercial use.	
13.	The sight triangle on corner lots will not be obstructed. The sight triangle is defined as the area formed by connecting the corner of the property to points 35 feet back along each property line abutting the street. (DC 3.21.06)	
14.	A geotechnical report from a soils engineer is required. This requires onsite soil samples and testing PRIOR to issuance of the building permit. An excavation observation report is also required prior to footing installation. (Report requirements found in DC 4.06.02.3.e)	
	Is the lot located in Three Falls? If no, mark "N/A" and move to item 18. If yes, the following must also be submitted:  (verify submittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")  a. Three Falls HOA site plan approval letter  b. Site specific geotechnical/geological hazard report. Beyond the standard geotechnical investigation requirements (DC 4.06.02.3.e), the report shall also include faults and earthquakes, subsurface rocks and soils, slope and elevations, flood hazards, flood plains and erosion hazards (DC 4.06.020.3: e, f.i.(1,2,3,5,6,7))  c. Detailed landscaping plan with square footage of irrigable area listed Three Falls is restricted to 1-acre of irrigable area per lot	
16.	All lots require a Land Disturbance Permit. Building permits will not be issued until the Land Disturbance Permit is completed. The Land Disturbance Permit is included with this permit.	

DD#

### **GENERAL INFORMATION ON FENCES**

Fences require a separate building permit. The permit for fences is found here: http://www.alpinecity.org/planning-and-zoning

Mark "YES" if you have received and started that process.

Under no condition shall a privacy fence and retaining wall exceed nine (9) feet on the same plane. If a privacy fence that is on top of a retaining wall would exceed nine (9) feet, the fence shall be set back at least four (4) feet from the back side of the retaining wall. Open style fences including but not limited to rail fences, field fences, or chain link fences are permitted to be on the same plane as a retaining wall. (Section 3.21.6 of the Alpine City Development Code)

### **GENERAL INFORMATION ON RETAINING WALLS**

Retaining walls require a separate building permit. The permit for retaining walls is found here: http://www.alpinecity.org/building-department

Retaining walls or accessory structures proposed within a public utility easement will require written approval of all affected entities. Any retaining walls over 4 feet in height from the finished grade elevation to the top of the wall shall be designed by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Utah and be designed in accordance with Article 3.32 of the Alpine City Development Code. A separate building permit will be required. Walls greater than 2 feet in height from footing to top of wall are required to be engineered per International Building Code.

## DRAINAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR SITE PLANS

plan, l	included all items listed below on the site plan. If an item does not apply to this site have read and understand all of these requirements (must check "YES" before an ation is accepted by the Alpine City Building Department).	YES
1.	Show location and type of retention, drainage must be away from structure in all cases	
2.	Drainage from the property may not exceed that which existed prior to development. Paved areas and roof drains may need to be supplied with appropriate sumps or other means of mitigation.	
3.	<b>Drainage plans</b> are required for <u>all site plans, regardless of topography</u> , including at minimum the following requirements.	
	(verify submittal is showing the following and check each box before writing "YES")	
	a. Contours on <b>2-foot</b> intervals	
	☐ b. Lot configurations with dimensions, footprint of home and structures, etc.	
	☐ c. <b>Proposed drainage patterns</b> . Where possible, drainage will be directed to city	
	streets after the first 0.53 inches (2-year, 1-hr event) of rainfall is retained onsite.	
	☐ d. Acceptable methods of retaining water are sumps, berms, retention, rainwater	
	harvesting, low impact development bmp's, and other methods approved by the	
	City Engineer. Retention areas will need to be sized according to the storm	
	drain calculations.	
	☐ e. <b>Natural drainages</b> shall not be filled in where the potential for runoff from	
	upstream exists, without providing a plan for the potential runoff.	
	☐ f. Supporting storm drain <b>calculations</b> are required.	
4.	<b>Design Criteria</b> : The design storm is <b>2-year, 1-hour</b> (80 <sup>th</sup> percentile storm, 0.53").	
	- For lots less than 1-acre, drainage calculations must include the entire lot.	
	- For lots greater than 1-acre, drainage calculations shall be for finished limits of disturbance	
	only (do not include construction limits of disturbance)	
5.	Drainage plans shall be required to be stamped by a licensed professional engineer, registered in the State of Utah, no exceptions.	
6.	A certified survey shall be required, certifying that the house is placed on the lot in conformance with Alpine City zoning ordinances.	

Jed Muhlestein P.E. Alpine City Engineer



## SETBACK REGULATIONS FOR DWELLINGS

### TR-10,000 Zone

30 feet from the front property line or 40 feet from the curb Front:

Rear: 20 feet from the rear property line

Aggregate of 22 feet with no less than 10 feet on a side Sides:

Corner lots: 30 feet from the property line on both street frontages. Interior side yard 10 feet.

Minimum lot size: 10,000 square feet\*

Minimum frontage: 90 feet on a public street\*

### CR-20,000 and CR-40,000 Zones

Front: 30 feet from front property line or 40 feet from the curb.

Rear: 30 feet from the rear property line

Side: Aggregate of 30 feet with no less than 12 feet on a side

Corner lots: 30 feet from the property line on both street frontages. Interior side yard 12 feet.

Varies, determined by average slope of lot, see DC 3.03.040 & 3.04.040\* Minimum lot size:

Varies, determined by average slope of lot, see DC 3.03.040 & 3.04.040\* Minimum frontage:

Lots with an average slope greater than 25% are considered non-buildable.

### \* Lot sizes and frontages may be less in a Planned Residential Development (PRD).

Taken from Alpine City Development Code:

Sections 3.02.050, 3.03.040, 3.03.050, 3.04.040, 3.04.050, 3.05.050

### **Design for Alpine City shall comply with the requirements for:**

Frost line depth 30 inches a.

Assumed soil bearing pressure 1,500 psf b.

Seismic zone 3 C.

115 - C mph d. **Basic Wind Speed** 

Roof snow load 45 psf e.

(no allowance for duration)



## INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION BOND INFORMATION

- During site plan review, an inspection will be made of the job site. The inspection includes the street, sidewalk, curb and gutter, valves, hydrants, manholes, the pressurized irrigation box, and where applicable, adjacent open space and trails.
- The purpose of the inspection is to note any existing damage to the infrastructure. The developer will be held responsible for existing damage.
- Any damage incurred during construction and landscaping will be the responsibility of the builder/homeowner.
- If the initial inspection cannot be made because snow, dirt or some other material is covering the sidewalk, curb, PI box, etc., the building permit will not be issued.
- The street, gutter and sidewalks must be kept clear at all times. Dumpsters and portable bathroom facilities are required at the job site. They may not be located on the sidewalk or street. Curb ramps are required and shall be constructed of wood, metal, or asphalt. Dirt or gravel ramps are prohibited.
- Public open space areas near project site must be fenced per City Standard Detail 29. (DC 3.16.110.3)
- Public or private open space and vacant lots shall not be used for the storage of equipment, building and/or landscaping materials, dumpsters, sanitary facilities or any other material related to the project. Access to the building site across open space or adjacent vacant lots is prohibited.

<u>Inspections will be withheld if there is a violation of the Clean Street Ordinance or other Ordinance.</u> Continuing violations will be red-tagged.

Clean Street Ordinance Section 14.08
Infrastructure Protection Bond - Ordinance No. 2008-14
Open Space Ordinance No. 2007-12
Trail Ordinance No. 2009-06



## **ALPINE CITY 801-756-6347**

20 North Main St. Alpine, UT 84004

Building Permit Nu Permit Number:	umber
(office use)	☐ Priority Site

### LAND DISTURBANCE PERMIT

\*\*Excavation of lot prior to issuance of permit is prohibited\*\*
Application Fee: \$300 (included in building permit)

Project Name: Project Name:	oject Address:	
Owner's Name:	ell Phone: Email:	
Contractor's Name: Ce	ell Phone: Email:	
	ell Phone: Email:	
	urpose of Disturbance:	
	fective Date: Expiration Date:	
Select Project Type:  Type A – Project greater than 1 acre of disturbation Type B – Project less than 1 acre of disturbance  REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPE A PROJECTS - CGP Check off each item as it is completed  Read & initial all pages of this permit SWPPP Document 3 SWPPP drawing (11"x17") 2 Engineered Drainage Calcs and Plan2 Copy of State Permit (UTRC00000) 3 Copy of UPDES Permit (NOI) 1 Payment of application fee	REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPE B PROJECTS - CPP Check off each item as it is completed  Read & initial all pages of this permit SWPPP drawing (11"x17") 2 Common Plan SWPPP Template 3 Engineered Drainage Calcs and Plan 2	
Provide proof of Qualified Inspector  Scan all docs to jason@alpinecity.org  Hold pre-construction meeting w/ Jas  If required, turn in Fire Safety Permit  (all items must be complete for approval)	Scan all docs to jason@alpinecity.org Hold pre-construction meeting w/ Jason If required, turn in Fire Safety Permit 4	

- 1 Notice of Intent (NOI) Permits for CGP projects (>1 acre) or CPP projects (<1 acre) can be obtained here: <a href="https://deq.utah.gov/water-quality/updes-ereporting#construction">https://deq.utah.gov/water-quality/updes-ereporting#construction</a>
- 2 SWPPP DRAWING MUST SHOW ENGINEERED DRAINAGE AND CALCS FOR NEW HOMES
- 3 SWPPP templates and other required State documents can be found here: https://deq.utah.gov/water-quality/general-construction-storm-water-updes-permits
- 4 All construction site must completely fence the area of disturbance with orange construction fencing
- 5 **Property corners AND disturbance limits must be clearly marked before construction begins.** Property corners to be clearly marked with 5-foot metal tee post at all corners and angle points. These are to remain in place until an occupancy permit has been issued. Inspections may be withheld if all posts are not in place at inspections.

[nii	t1a	I C	

SIGNA	AGE REQUIREMENTS BY PROJECT TYPE	
		nust post a sign (4' x 4') near the main entrance to the project containing OI, State General Construction Permit UTR300000, Alpine City Land il. See attached detail – "Project Type A Signage"
		nust post a sign (18"x24") near the main entrance to the project containing (OI, State General Construction Permit UTR300000, Alpine City Land il. See detail – "Project Type B Signage"
		printed red in color, 2" tall, on a white background n lettering is not acceptable)
	A Utah Pollutant Discharge elimination If any non-storm water discharge or sev	Vater Pollution Prevention Plan System (UPDES) permit covers this construction site. Evere vehicle tracking occurs please call EVEN contact's phone number).
-	A building permit will not be issued until the SWP	PP is installed and approved.
-	Per Development Code 3.16.110.3, properties loc construction fencing per City Standard Detail 29	cated next to City Open Space MUST fence the Open Space with 9 (attached).
-	Applicant shall maintain all storm water manageme codes.	ent control measures according to the UPDES, SWPPP and Alpine City
-	UPDES Permit, Alpine's City Land Disturbance Pe	Alpine City Code, failure to comply with the SWPPP requirements, the ermit or any City Code may result in a notice of violation. The City will the responsible person. Such notice may be in the form of a citation or a
-		of Alpine City Code, the Building Official is not permitted to perform any compliance with section 14-400 of Alpine City Code.
-	<ol> <li>to perform the work applied for in a profession</li> <li>to defend indemnify and hold harmless the Cit</li> </ol>	ance Permit by Alpine City, the applicant hereby promises: all manner and in conformity with ordinances of Alpine City and y of Alpine, its officers, agents and employees from any and all costs, e claimed to accrue by reason of any work performed under a permit
	Applicant (Signature)	Alpine City Engineer or assigned (Signature)
		(Office use)
This l	and disturbance permit grants you permi	
	Clearing and grubbing	Right of way improvements

Stock pile materials

-				
Ιn	it	ia	lc	

Placing of fill material

Excavation and back fill of utilities

### BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP)

### BMP Requirements vary from site to site depending on existing conditions and the disturbance activity

BMPs are defined as "structural and nonstructural practices proven effective in sediment and erosion control and management of surface runoff into waters of the State." Eroding soils and surface water runoff transports pollutants, sediment, and nutrients into local rivers, streams, lakes and aquifers.

Certain construction activities may cause more pollution if not properly managed. Not all BMPs will apply to every construction site; however, all of the suggested BMPs should be considered.

The City may change any BMP regulation or requirement, if at any time, the City determines a BMP regulation or requirement to be ineffective and/or an additional BMP measure is deemed applicable. The City will notify project proponents of any changes to BMP regulations or requirements.

### Required BMPs

### **Construction Fencing**

Construction fencing is required around the entire project on all projects per Alpine City Standard Detail 29 (plastic orange construction fencing).

#### Washout/collection area:

If it is necessary, the Permittee will provide a concrete washout area on-site, designate specific washout areas and design facilities to handle anticipated washout water. Location of washout must be shown on the site map. Washout areas should also be provided for stucco, dry wall and paint operations. Because washout areas can be a source of pollutants from leaks or spills. All washout waste must be removed from the lot and properly disposed of upon completion of construction. Washout areas must be designated as "Concrete Washout" by sign with 2" lettering and red in color.

### **Perimeter control:**

Installing perimeter controls such as sediment barriers, silt fences, construction barriers, dikes, disturbance limit markers or any combination of such measures shall be used. Perimeter controls shall be installed prior to land grading.

### Silt fence:

Should be used where: sheet and rill erosion would occur; protection of adjacent property or areas beyond the limits of grading; a barrier between any soil disturbance area and hard surfaces draining to a storm drain or water body, neighboring properties, sensitive areas, etc.

### **Off-site sediment tracking:**

Prevent sediment from being tracked off-site by stabilizing a construction entrance/exit. A rock tracking pad can reduce the amount of mud transported onto paved roads by vehicles. Rock pads shall not contain any rocks smaller than 2" in diameter and no rocks larger than 5" in diameter.

### Clean up of building sites:

Building sites should be cleaned on a regular basis. Materials should be secured on the site to prevent the blowing of debris and garbage. The permittee shall leave the site in a clean condition upon completion of construction.

### BMPs to consider while designing your project

### **Erosion Controls**

Chemical Stabilization

Dust Control

Geo Textiles/Rolled Erosion Control Products (RECP)

Gradient Terraces

Soil Roughening/Tracking

Temporary Slope Drain

Temporary Stream Crossings

Wind Fences and Sand Fences

Mulching/Bonder Fiber Matrix (BFM)

Rip Rap

Seeding/Re-vegetation

Sodding

Soil Retention

### **Inlet Protection**

Sediment filters and Sediment Chambers

Straw or Hay Bales Vegetated Buffers Curb cut back Dewatering

### **Sediment Controls**

Brush Barrier Compost Filter Berms Compost filter Socks

Sediment Basin and Rock Dams

Fiber Rolls
Filter Berms

Construction Entrances Sediment Traps Silt Fence

### **Good House Keeping**

Porta John Dumpster

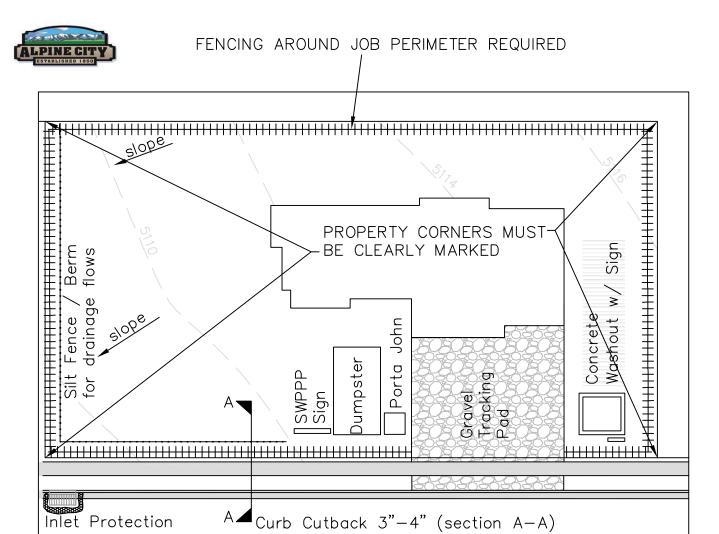
Check Dams

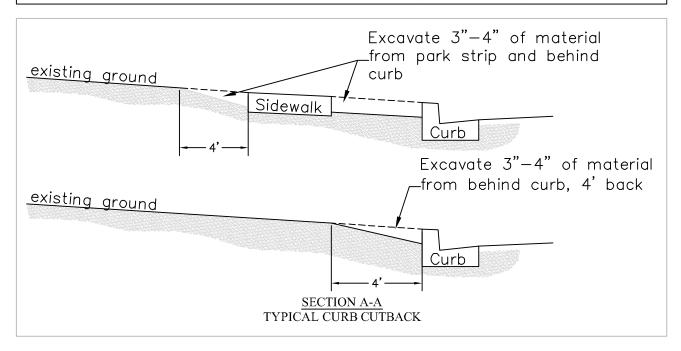
Grass-lined Channels

Permanent Slop Diversions Temporary Diversion Dikes

Street Cleaning/Sweeping

Initials \_\_\_\_\_





Inlet Protection

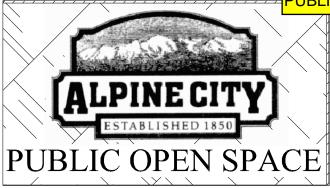
This drawing was created to show what a typical residential SWPPP Site Plan looks like. Please note that all sites are different but generally require the same BMP's to be compliant with State and Local Codes.

> **SWPPP** Drawing - Typical Common Required SWPPP Items

> > Initials

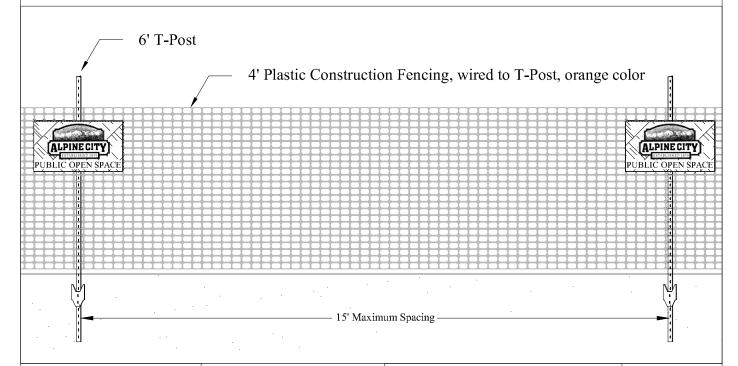
## FENCING REQUIRED ON ALL JOBS!

SIGNAGE NOT REQUIRED IF JOB DOESN'T BORDER PUBLIC OPEN SAPCE



### SIGN SPECIFICATIONS

- SIGN TO BE 18"x24"
- PRINTED WITH BLACK LETTERS, WHITE BACKGROUND
- LAMINATED AND STAPLED TO PLYWOOD
- WIRED TO T-POSTS
- SPACED ONE PER JOB SITE IN A VISIBLE LOCATION IF MORE THAN 300' OF FENCING REQ'D, ONE SIGN TO BE PLACED EVERY 300'



### STATEMENT OF USE

THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY ILLUSTRATIONS HEREON ARE PROVIDED AS STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS WITHIN ALPINE CITY. DEVEATION FROM THIS DOCUMENT REQUIRES APPROVAL OF ALPINE CITY, ALPINE CITY CORPRIATION CAN NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR MISSUSE OR CHANGES REGARDING THIS DOCUMENT.

REV	ISION
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	TED ( IDIOI )							
).		BY	APRL.	DATE				

ALPINE CITY

ESTABLISHED 1850

CAD FILE: CYNOMETHIC STANDON DIAMOND UPDATE OF DIAMOND STANDON DIAMOND STANDON

## PUBLIC OPEN SPACE FENCING

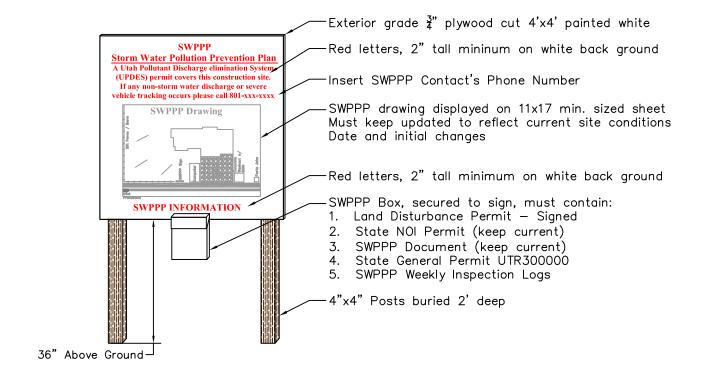
ALPINE CITY 20 NORTH MAIN ALPINE, UT 84004

STANDARD	
DRAWING	
NUMBER:	

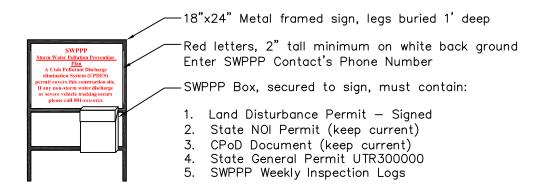
PLOT SCALE:	N.T.S.	
DRAWN BY:	WJM	
DESIGN BY:		
CHECKED BY:		
ADOPTED DATE:	4/14/04	

# ALPINE CITY

### SWPPP DETAILS



# SWPPP SIGN - Over 1 Acre Projects Project Type A Signage

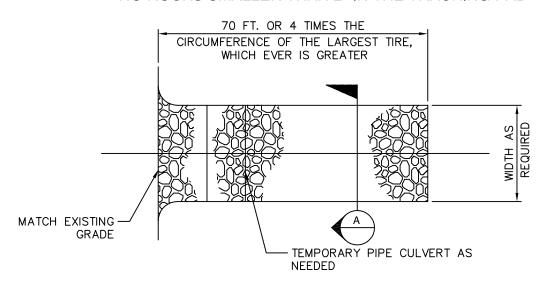


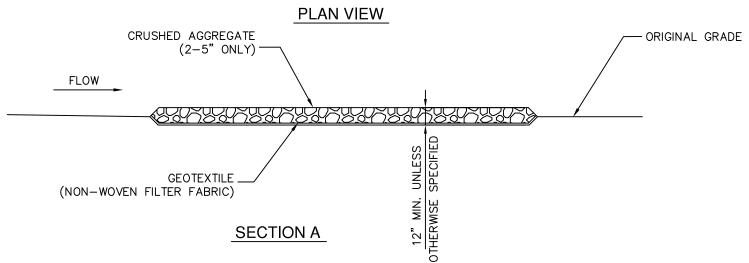
# SWPPP SIGN - Under 1 Acre Projects Project Type B Signage

Initials

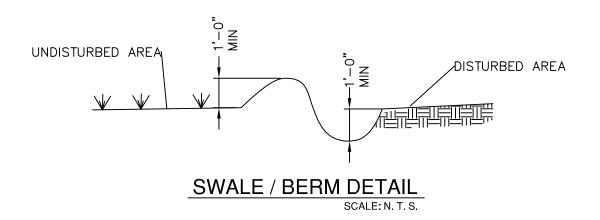


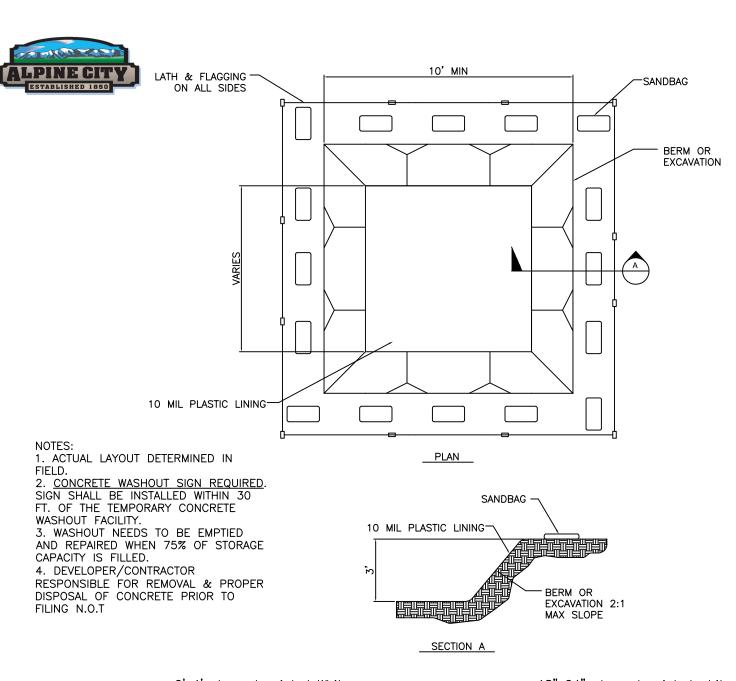
### \*\* NO ROCKS SMALLER THAN 2" IN THE TRACKING PAD \*\*

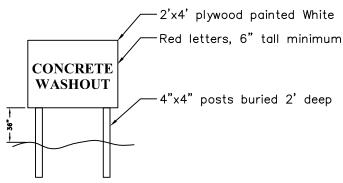




# STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE DETAIL SCALE: N. T. S.







Concrete Washout

> 1 Acre Sign Detail

Red letters, 2" tall minimum

CONCRETE
WASHOUT

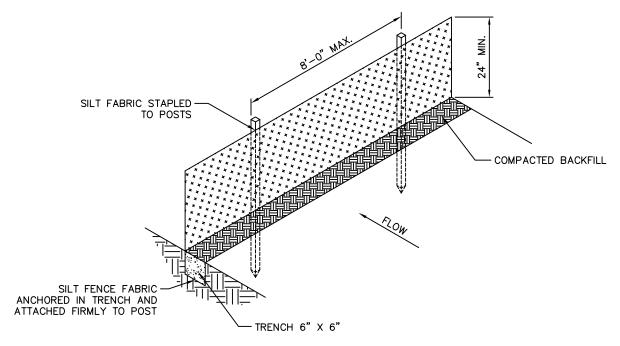
2"x4" post buried 2' deep

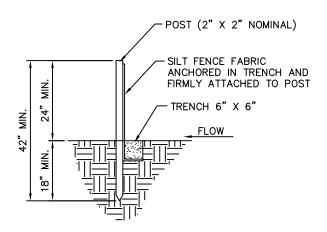
Concrete Washout < 1 Acre Sign Detail

CONCRETE WASHOUT DETAIL
SCALE: N. T. S.

NOTE: RENTABLE CONCRETE BINS ARE ACCEPTABLE - SIGN REQUIRED Initials \_\_\_\_\_



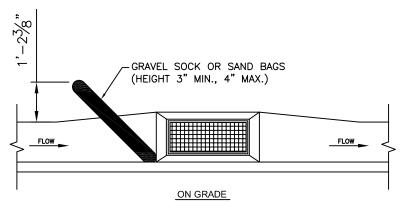


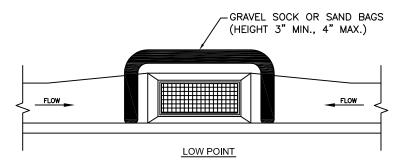


- 1. MINIMUM FILTER FABRIC HEIGHT SHALL BE 24".
- 2. POSTS FOR SILT FENCES SHALL BE METAL OR HARD WOOD WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 36". WOOD POSTS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OR CROSS SECTION OF 2". METAL POSTS SHALL BE "STUDDED TEE" OR "U" TYPE WITH MINIMUM WEIGHT OF 1.33 LBS/FOOT.
- 3. DRIVE POSTS VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 18", AND EXCAVATE A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 6" WIDE AND 6" DEEP ALONG THE LINE OF POSTS AND UPSLOPE FROM THE BARRIER. NO LESS THAN THE BOTTOM 1 FOOT OF THE FABRIC SHALL BE BURIED INTO THIS TRENCH.
- 4. THE FILTER FABRIC MATERIALS SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO METAL OR WOOD POSTS USING WIRE TIES, OR TO THE WOOD POSTS WITH 34" LONG #9 HEAVY DUTY STAPLES.
  5. POSTS SHALL BE SPACED A MAXIMUM OF 8 FEET APART.

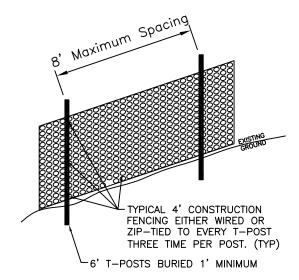
SILT FENCE DETAIL SCALE: N. T. S.



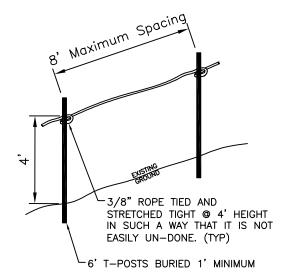




## INLET PROTECTION DETAIL SCALE: N. T. S.

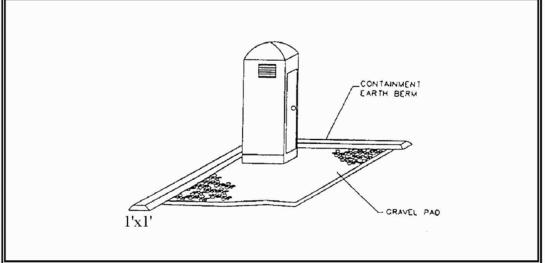


CONSTRUCTION FENCE OPTION 1 DETAIL SCALE: N. T. S.



CONSTRUCTION FENCE OPTION 2 DETAIL SCALE: N. T. S.

Initials\_\_\_\_\_



### in Marta

**OBJECTIVES** 

- ☑ Housekeeping Practices
- ☑ Contain Waste
- □ Minimize Disturbed Areas
- □ Stabilize Disturbed Areas
- □ Protect Slopes/Channels
- □ Control Site Perimeter
- □ Control Internal Erosion

### DESCRIPTION:

Temporary on-site sanitary facilities for construction personnel.

#### APPLICATION:

All sites with no permanent sanitary facilities or where permanent facility is too far from activities.

### INSTALLATION/APPLICATION CRITERIA:

- Locate portable toilets in convenient locations throughout the site.
- Prepare level, gravel surface and provide clear access to the toilets for servicing and for on-site personnel.
- Construct earth berm perimeter (See Earth Berm Barrier Information Sheet), control for spill/protection leak.

### LIMITATIONS:

No limitations.

### MAINTENANCE:

- Portable toilets should be maintained in good working order by licensed service with daily observation for leak detection.
- Regular waste collection should be arranged with licensed service.
- All waste should be deposited in sanitary sewer system for treatment with appropriate agency approval.



Adapted from Salt Lake County BMP Fact Sheet

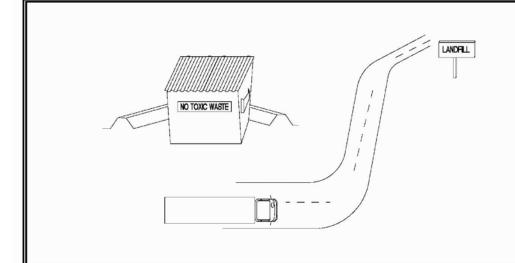
### TARGETED POLLUTANTS

- □ Sediment
- □ Nutrients
- □ Toxic Materials
- □ Oil & Grease
- □ Floatable Materials
- Other Waste
- High Impact
- □ Low or Unknown Impact

### IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

- ☑ Capital Costs
- ☑ Maintenance
- □ Training
- High 

  Medium
- □ Low



### **OBJECTIVES**

- ☑ Housekeeping Practices
- □ Minimize Disturbed Areas
- □ Stabilize Disturbed Areas
- □ Protect Slopes/Channels
- □ Control Site Perimeter
- □ Control Internal Erosion

### DESCRIPTION:

Controlled storage and disposal of solid waste generated by construction activities.

### APPLICATION:

All construction sites.

### INSTALLATION:

- Designate one or several waste collection areas with easy access for construction vehicles and personnel. Ensure no waterways or storm drainage inlets are located near the waste collection areas.
- Construct compacted earthen berm (See Earth Berm Barrier BMP Fact Sheet), or similar perimeter containment around collection area for impoundment in the case of spills and to trap any windblown trash.
- Use water tight containers with covers to remain closed when not in use. Provide separate containers for different waste types where appropriate and label clearly.
- Ensure all on site personnel are aware of and utilize designated waste collection area properly and for intended use only (e.g. all toxic, hazardous, or recyclable materials shall be properly disposed of separately from general construction waste).
- Arrange for periodic pickup, transfer and disposal of collected waste at an authorized disposal location. Include regular Porto-potty service in waste management activities.

### LIMITATIONS:

• On-site personnel are responsible for correct disposal of waste.

### MAINTENANCE:

- Discuss waste management procedures at progress meetings.
- Collect site trash daily and deposit in covered containers at designated collection areas.
- Check containers for leakage or inadequate covers and replace as needed.
- Randomly check disposed materials for any unauthorized waste (e.g. toxic materials).
- During daily site inspections check that waste is not being incorrectly disposed of on-site (e.g. burial, burning, surface discharge, discharge to storm drain).



Adapted from Salt Lake County BMP Fact Sheet

### TARGETED POLLUTANTS

- □ Sediment
- □ Nutrients
- Toxic Materials
- □ Oil & Grease
- □ Floatable Materials
- Other Waste
- High Impact
- □ Low or Unknown Impact

### IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

- Capital Costs
- O&M Costs
- Training
- High 🛛 Medium
- □ Low



## **Stormwater Best Management Practice**

# Concrete Washout



### Minimum Measure

Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control

### Subcategory

Good Housekeeping/Materials Management

## Description of Concrete Washout at Construction Sites

### Concrete and its ingredients

Concrete is a mixture of cement, water, and aggregate material. Portland cement is made by heating a mixture of limestone and clay containing oxides of calcium, aluminum, silicon and other metals in a kiln and then pulverizing the resulting clinker. The fine aggregate particles are usually sand. Coarse aggregate is generally gravel or crushed stone. When cement is mixed with water, a chemical reaction called hydration occurs, which produces glue that binds the aggregates together to make concrete.

### Concrete washout

After concrete is poured at a construction site, the chutes of ready mixed concrete trucks and hoppers of concrete pump trucks must be washed out to remove the remaining concrete before it hardens. Equipment such as wheelbarrows and hand tools also need to be washed down. At the end of each work day, the drums of concrete trucks must be washed out. This is customarily done at the ready mixed batch plants, which are usually off-site facilities, however large or rural construction projects may have on-site batch plants. Cementitious (having the properties of cement) washwater and solids also come from using such construction materials as mortar, plaster, stucco, and grout.

### Environmental and Human Health Impacts

Concrete washout water (or washwater) is a slurry containing toxic metals. It's also caustic and corrosive, having a pH near 12. In comparison, Drano liquid drain cleaner has a pH of 13.5. Caustic washwater can harm fish gills and eyes and interfere with reproduction. The safe pH ranges for aquatic life habitats are 6.5-9 for freshwater and 6.5-8.5 for saltwater.

Construction workers should handle wet concrete and washout water with care because it may cause skin irritation and eye damage. If the washwater is dumped on the ground (Fig. 1), it can run off the construction site to adjoining roads and enter roadside storm drains, which discharge to surface waters such as rivers, lakes, or estuaries. The red arrow in Figure 2 points to a ready mixed truck chute that's being washed out into a roll-off bin, which isn't watertight. Leaking washwater, shown in the foreground, will likely follow similar



**Figure 1.** Chute washwater being dumped on the ground

Figure 2. Chute washwater leaking from a roll-off bin being used as a washout container

paths to nearby surface waters. Rainfall may cause concrete washout containers that are uncovered to overflow and also transport the washwater to surface waters. Rainwater polluted with concrete washwater can percolate down through the soil and alter the soil chemistry, inhibit plant growth, and contaminate the groundwater. Its high pH can increase the toxicity of other substances in the surface waters and soils. Figures 1 and 2 illustrate the need for better washout management practices.

## Best Management Practice Objectives

The best management practice objectives for concrete washout are to (a) collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids in leak proof containers, so that this caustic material does not reach the soil surface and then migrate to surface waters or into the ground water, and (b) recycle 100 percent of the collected concrete washout water and solids. Another